Normafluor DNF7 - DNF7S

Installation - Commissioning Operation - Maintenance Instructions





Contents

1	Schneider Electric at your service	4
1.1	Our Service Unit: our specialists, and suitably adapted services	4
1.2	Schneider Electric Training Centre: your training partner	4
2	With regards to this User Manual	
2.1	Responsibilities	
2.2	Eco-design concept and revalorisation of the materials used	5
2.3	Reminder concerning normal service conditions	
	(in accordance with IEC 60694)	
	* Permissible ambient temperature	
	* Installation altitude	
	* Atmospheric pollution	
	* Permissible atmospheric humidity level	
2.4	Other technical notices to be consulted	6
2.5	Tools and products (not supplied) required for the operations described in this notice	6
2.6	Particular instructions for operation and intervention with energiz equipment	
2.7	Symbols & conventions	
2.8	Tightening torque values for standard assemblies (nut + bolt)	
3	Presentation	
3.1	Description	
3.2	Dimensions and weights of the functional units equipped with a	
	circuit-breaker [with packaging]	8
3.3	Dimensions and weights of the functional units with no circuit	
	breaker [with packaging]	8
3.4	Dimensions and weights of the circuit breaker moving parts	
	delivered separately [with packaging]	8
3.5	Presentation of the functional units	
3.6	"Bus-riser" functional unit	
4	Packaging - Handling - Storage	
4.1	Packaging	
4.2	Reception	
4.3	Handling of the functional unit	
4.4	Unpacking and handling of the high voltage moving part, delivere separately	
4.5	Storage conditions	13
4.6	Intervention levels	
4.7	Specific recommendations for storage durations of less than 6 months	
4.8	Specific recommendations for storage durations of between 6 and 12 months	
4.9	Specific recommendations for storage durations of between 12 and 24 months	
5	Unpacking and assembling the equipment	
5.1	Civil engineering characteristics	
5.2	Unpacking of the functional units	
5.3	Handling of the functional unit (without a circuit breaker)	
5.4	Identification of the functional units and circuit breakers	
5.5	Installation on the floor	
6	Installation - Connections	19
6.1	Presentation of the functional units	
6.2	Installation of each functional unit	
6.3	Standard case of attachment to the floor	
6.4	Inter-functional unit earthing circuit connection	
6.5	Earthing circuit connection, at the far end of the switchboard	
6.6	Installation of the voltage transformer housing "busbars"	20

Contents (contd.)

6.7	Connecting the earthing circuit of the busbar voltage transformer	
	housing	
6.8	Connecting the busbar	
6.9	Preparation of the cable connection	
6.10	S .	
6.11 6.12	Inspections prior to commissioning	
	Summary of the main list of checks prior to commissioning	
7	Operation	
7.1	Operating levers	
7.2 7.3	Opening operation of the earthing switch	
7.3 7.4	Plugging-in and unplugging operations of the circuit breaker	
7. 4 7.5	Unplugging operation of the circuit breaker up to the "test" position.	
7.5 7.6	Complete unplugging operation of the circuit breaker up to the less position.	
7.7	Plugging-in operation of the circuit breaker	
7.8	Mechanical device preventing any plugging-in operation	
7.9	Operating manoeuvres for the voltage transformer compartment.	
8	Standard locking out and interlocking procedures	
8.1	Functional mechanical interlocks	
8.2	Immobilisation device of the earthing switch by means of "locks"	
8.3	Immobilisation device for the earthing switch by means of	0-1
0.0	"padlocks" (not supplied)	34
8.4	Immobilisation device for the plugging-in operation of the moving	٠.
	part	35
8.5	Padlocking of the blanking shutters, by padlock (not supplied)	
8.6	Additional locking out and interlocking procedures	
9	Commissioning	
9.1	Reminder	
9.2	Inventory of tools and accessories on completion of work	
9.3	Pre-commissioning information	
9.4	Final checks before commissioning	
9.5	Energising the "incoming" feeder functional unit	37
9.6	Checking the phase balance	37
10	Maintenance	38
10.1	Levels of maintenance	38
10.2	Preventive maintenance for the circuit breaker moving part	38
10.3	Preventive maintenance of the functional units	.38
10.4	Systematic maintenance	39
10.5	Lubrication points in the moving par compartment	40
10.6	Lubrication points in the High voltage cable compartment	40
	Corrective maintenance of the functional units	
	Replacement of a voltage transformer fuse	
10.9	Replacement of an internal element (insulator, capacitive divider, etc.)	
	In the "High Voltage cables" compartment	
	In the "busbar" compartment	
11	Spare parts	
11.1	The spare part	
11.2	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
11.3	o	
11.4	Maintenance Consumables	
12	End of the equipment service life	
	Valorization of the equipment	
	Safety instructions	
12.3	Dismantling of the equipment	43

1 Schneider Electric at your service

Operation and maintenance may only be carried out by personnel who have received suitable authorisation for the operations and manoeuvres they are responsible for performing.

If this is not the case, please refer to our Service Unit or to our Training Centre.

All locking-out operations must be performed according to the "General Safety Instructions booklet for Electrical Applications" UTE C 18 510 (or its equivalent outside FRANCE).

1.1 Our Service Unit: our specialists, and suitably adapted services...

- Guarantee extension contracts in relation to the selling of new equipment,
- Supervision of HVA switchgear installations,
- Technical advice, diagnoses of the facilities, expertise,
- Maintenance contracts adapted to the operational constraints,
- Systematic or conditional preventive maintenance,
- Corrective maintenance in case of partial or complete failure,
- Supply of spare parts,
- Overhauling of equipment and requalification of installations in order to benefit from new technologies and extend the life of your switchgear by limited investments.

Contact the Schneider Electric Service Unit for diagnoses and advice: Working hours

Phone No.: 33 (0)3 85 29 35 00 7 days per week/ 24 hours per day

Fax: 33 (0)3 85 29 36 30

or 33 (0)3 85 29 36 43 Free phone No: 0 800 40 27 62

1.2 Schneider Training Centre: your training partner

- A wide field of expertise:
- study and design of networks and installations,
- □ operation and maintenance of LV, HVA and HVB equipment,
- $\hfill \square$ application themes (electrical generating sets, diesel motors etc.),
- electrical safety enabling the employer to give suitable authorisation to the people in charge of the operations and interventions on electrical equipment,
- training sessions in our centres or on site, defined according to your objectives and constraints,
- qualified trainers and experts in their field,
- practical work on real machines which represent more than 50% of the training period,
- an FIEEC Quality Training Charter member organisation and certified ISO 9001 version 2000.

Faced with the direct and indirect training costs of the operational stoppages and shutdown, training is a real investment

Schneider Electric

35, rue Joseph Monier CS 30323 92506 Rueil-Malmaison Cedex, France

RCS Nanterre 954 503 439 Capital social 896 313 776 € www.schneider-electric.com





2 With regards to this User Manual

© - Schneider Electric-2011. Schneider Electric, the Schneider Electric logo and their figurative forms are Schneider Electric registered trademarks. The other brand names mentioned within this document, whether they be copyright or not, belong to their respective holders.

2.1 Responsibilities

Our devices are quality controlled and tested at the factory in accordance with the standards and the regulations currently in force.

Apparatus efficiency and apparatus life depend on the compliance with the installation, commissioning and operation instructions described in this user manual. Non respect of these instructions is likely to invalidate any quarantee.

Local requirements especially about safety and which are in accordance with the indications given in this document, must be observed.

Schneider Electric declines any responsibility for the consequences:

- due to the non respect of the recommendations in this manual which make reference to the international regulations in force.
- due to the non respect of the instructions by the suppliers of cables and connection accessories during installation and fitting operations,
- any possible aggressive climatic conditions (humidity, pollution, etc.) acting in the immediate environment of the materials that are neither suitably adapted nor protected for these effects.

This user manual does not list the locking-out procedures that must be applied. The interventions described are carried out on de-energised equipment (in the course of being installed) or locked out (non operational).

2.2 Eco-design concept and revalorisation of the materials used

The design and manufacture of our packaging are both in conformity with the French government decree N° 98-638 of 20 July 1998, concerning the account that is taken of environmental requirements.

2.3 Reminder concerning normal service conditions (in accordance with IEC 60694)

* Permissible ambient temperature

The ambient air temperature should be comprised between - 5° C and +40°C.

The mean measured value for a 24 hour period must not exceed 35°C.

* Installation altitude

HV equipment are defined in accordance with European Standards and can be used up to an altitude of 1,000 m.

Beyond this, account must be taken of the decrease in dielectric withstand. For these specific cases, contact the Schneider Electric Sales Department.

* Atmospheric pollution

The ambient air must not contain any dust particles, fumes or smoke, corrosive or flammable gases, vapours or salts.

* Permissible atmospheric humidity level

The average atmospheric relative humidity level measured over a 24-hour period must not exceed 95%.

The average water vapour pressure over a period of 24 hours must not exceed 22 mbar.

The average atmospheric relative humidity value measured over a period of one month must not exceed 90 %.

With regards to this User Manual (contd.)

The average water vapour pressure over a period of one month must not exceed 18 mbar.

Condensation may appear in case of any sharp variation in tempera ture, due to excessive ventilation, a high atmospheric humidity level or the presence of hot air. This condensation can be avoided by an appropriate lay-out of the room or of the building (suitably adapted ventilation, air driers, heating etc.).

Whenever the humidity level is higher than 95 %, we recommend that you take appropriate corrective measures. For any assistance or advice, contact the Schneider Electric After- Sales Department (See § 1.1).

Whenever the humidity level is higher than 75%, we recommend that you take appropriate corrective measures for which Schneider Electric can offer you the necessary assistance.

Please do not hesitate to contact us.

2.4 Other technical notices to be consulted

General lubrification ■ AMTNoT023

instruction

BLR(M) Control Operation - Maintenance ■ AMTNoT017

Mechanism

Installation - Commissioning **ORTHOFLUOR FP** ■ AMTNoT055 - Operation - Maintenance

Circuit Breaker

Tools and products (not supplied) required for the operations described in this notice

Cutter

Crow bar

■ Open-ended spanners size 13; 16; 18

■ Socket wrenches size 8; 13; 16; 17; 18

A/F Allen key size 6; 8; 10

■ Torque wrench with sockets size 13; 16 and hexagon socket screw size 6; 8; 10

■ Flat blade screwdriver

Rapid tightening pliers

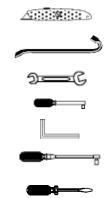
■ 4 slings (1000 kg capacity)

Clean dry cloth

Solvent (dielectric withstand > 30 kV) excluding chlorinated solvents

Mechanical grease: Mobilplex 47, Mobilux EP3 by Mobil or Stabilube T6 by Sophos

 Molykote PG 54 grease for electrical contacts by **Dow Corning**









2 With regards to this User Manual (contd.)

2.6 Particular instructions for operation and intervention with energized equipment

When commissioning and operating the equipment under normal conditions, the General safety instructions for electrical applications must be respected, (protective gloves, insulating stool, etc.), as well as the operating instructions.

All manipulations must be completed once started.

The durations for carrying out the operations mentioned in the maintenance tables are given purely as an indication and depend on the conditions on-site.

2.7 Symbols & conventions



Code for a product recommended and marketed by Schneider Electric



Tightening torque value Example: 1.6 daN.m



Mark corresponding to a key



CAUTION! Remain vigilant!

Precautions to be taken in order to avoid any accident or injury



FORBIDDEN! Do not do it!

Compliance with this indication is **compulsory**, non compliance with this stipulation may damage the equipment.



INFORMATION - ADVICE

Your attention is drawn to a specific point or operation.

2.8 Tightening torque values for standard assemblies (nut + bolt)

 $\label{thm:continuous} Threaded\ fasteners\ without\ grease\ :\ assembly\ with\ ungreased\ washers.$

Threaded fasteners with grease: mounted with the washer greased.

Use grease referenced:



Dimensions	Zinc plated fasteners wi grease (dal	thout	Stainless steel fasteners with grease (daN m)
	class 6.8	class 8.8	A2-70
M 6	0.7	0.9	0.7
M 8	1.6	2.1	1.6
M 10	3.2	4.3	3.2
M 12	5	6.6	5
M 14	8.7	11.6	8.7
M 16	13.4	17.9	13.4
M 20	26.2	35	26.2

3 Presentation

3.1 Description

The DNF7 and DNF7S cabinets are made of:

- the front female connector which includes the "switchgear" compartment (with the withdrawable circuit breaker), running up the low pressure box,
- the rear female connector including, at the top, the "busbar" compartment and at the bottom the "cable" compartment.

3.2 Dimensions and weights of the functional units equipped with a circuit-breaker [with packaging] Option

Functional unit	Approximate weight with circuit breaker (kg)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Depth (mm)	Depth + gas exhaust duct (mm)
DNF 7S "Incoming" or "Outgoing" feeder	1550	900			2500
DNF 7S "Coupling"	1350		2250	2300 (2770 with VT	none
DNF 7 "Incoming" or "Outgoing" feeder	1650	1300	2230	cables)	2500
DNF 7 "Coupling"	1450				none

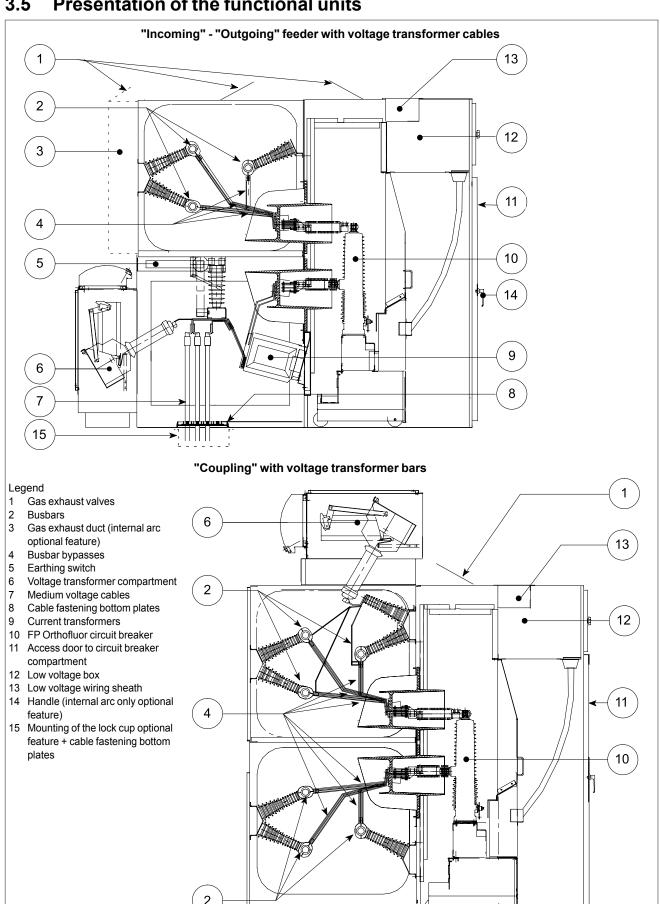
3.3 Dimensions and weights of the functional units with no circuit breaker [with packaging]

Functional unit	Approximate weight with circuit breaker (kg)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Depth (mm)	Depth + gas exhaust duct (mm)
DNF 7S "Bus-riser"	1000	900	2250	2300	none
DNF 7 "Bus-riser"	1100	1300	2250	2300	none

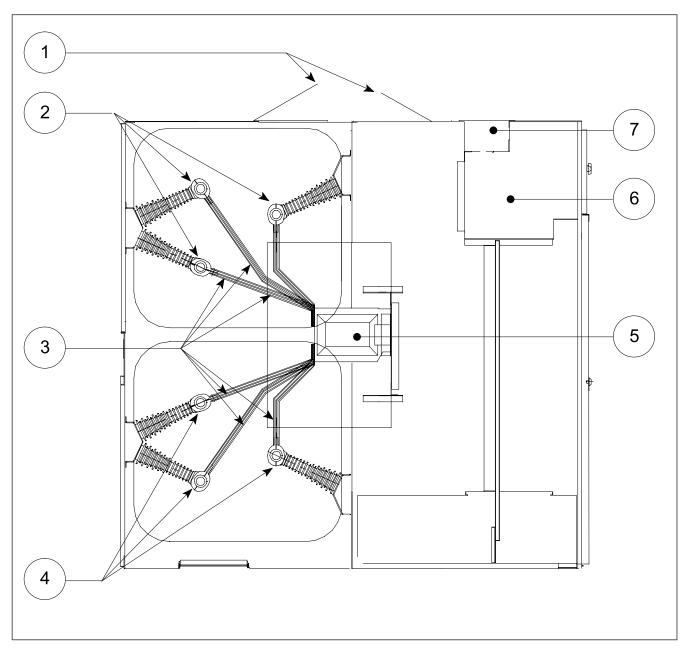
3.4 Dimensions and weights of the circuit breaker moving parts delivered separately [with packaging]

Circuit breaker moving part	Approximate weight (kg)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	Depth (mm)	-
FP741 [DNF7S]	330	1100	1470	1150	-
FP741 [DNF7]	350	1500	1470	1150	-

3.5 Presentation of the functional units



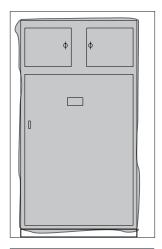
"Bus-riser" functional unit 3.6

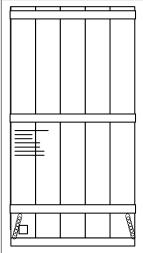


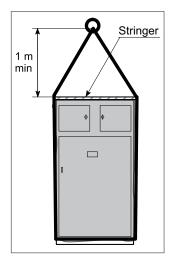
Legend

- Gas exhaust duct Upper busbar
- 2
- 3 Busbar bypasses
- Lower busbar
- 5 Current transformer
- 6 Low voltage box
- Low voltage wiring sheath

4 Packaging - Handling - Storage







4.1 Packaging

■ Packaging for road and rail transport: functional unit on wooden pallets and wrapped under plastic film.

The accessory packs contain all of the parts necessary for the installation and operation of the switchboard.

- Packaging for air and sea transport : functional unit wrapped under heat sealing film with desiccant bags and placed in wooden crates.
- The moving parts (except the FP741 high voltage parts) are delivered, strapped in each functional unit.

■ The FP741 high voltage circuit breakers and the voltage transformer housings are delivered separately on pallets.

They are wrapped under plastic film to be sent to a French destination and put in crates to be sent abroad.

4.2 Reception

On reception, ensure that the switchgear is complete.

Carry out a visual examination of the functional units and moving parts. Check the contents of the accesso ries pack using the enclosed list.



If any anomalies are perceived, please make the necessary reservations with the forwarder.



The functional unit must remain on its base and in its original packaging during the storage period and until it is installed.

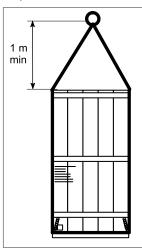
4.3 Handling of the functional unit

- Packaging for road and rail transport: using 2 slings of **1500 kg each** and a lifting device.
- Place a **protection stringer** between each sling, on the roof of the functional unit.

4 Packaging - Handling - Storage (contd.)

■ Packaging for air and sea transport: using 2 slings of **1500 kg each** and a lifting device.

Note: the minimum heights given on the diagrams above, must be respected.



■ Voltage transformer housings : same type of handling as for the functional units.

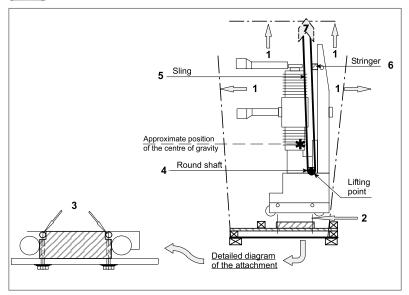
4.4 Unpacking and handling of the high voltage moving part, delivered separately



Every circuit breaker is hand led in the same way.

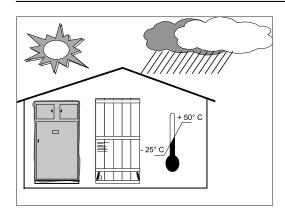


A circuit breaker should never be handled by its connectors or its control mechanism.



- 1 Remove the roof and sides of the crate (crowbar).
- 2 Unscrew the 2 HM12 screws (18 mm spanner).
- 3 Remove the 2 axles of the housing.
- 4 Insert a round steel shaft with a diameter of at least 30 mm, throughout the width of the circuit breaker.
- 5 Pass the slings over each end.
- 6 Insert a wooden stringer.
- 7 Raise it using a lifting device.

4 Packaging - Handling - Storage (contd.)



4.5 Storage conditions

The storage area must shelter the equipment from agents likely to cause deterioration such as :

- Water
- Water vapour
- Salt laden air
- Pollution of any type
- Microorganisms

Please consult Schneider Electric in case of non-compliance with these criteria

Make sure the equipment was conditioned in accordance with the requirements of the scheduled storage period.

Avoid storing the equipment in areas submitted to abrupt and drastic changes of temperature.

Make sure no aggressive vapours such as sulphur dioxide (SO2) for example are given off.

4.6 Intervention levels

Description	Levels
Operations carried out by the Customer	1
Operations requiring specific training, carried out by an approved third party	2
Work to be carried out exclusively by Schneider Electric	3

4.7 Specific recommendations for storage durations of less than 6 months

Packaged under a plastic covering	1	2	3
Periodically carry out an inspection of the packaging			
When unpacking, check the operation of the switchgear by carrying out several operations*	-	•	•

4.8 Specific recommendations for storage durations of between 6 and 12 months

Protected by a heat-welded sheet, with bags of desiccant	1	2	3
Periodically carry out an inspection of the packaging (check that, among other things, there are no holes) When unpacking:	•	•	•
When unpacking: ■ Check the operation of the switchgear by carrying out several operations*	-	•	•
■ Test the min. threshold level (AC, 85% rated Un; DC, 70% of Un) for the electrical operation of the coils	-	-	-

13

4 Packaging - Handling - Storage (contd.)

4.9 Specific recommendations for storage durations of between 12 and 24 months

Protected by a heat-welded sheet, with a method of replacing the bags of desiccant			3
Periodically carry out an inspection of the packaging (check that, among other things, there are no holes)		•	
Periodically replace the bags of desiccant	•	-	
When unpacking: carry out light maintenance work	-	-	•
■ Check the mechanical operation of the switchgear by carrying out several operations*	-	-	÷
■ Test the min. threshold level (AC, 85% rated Un; DC, 70% of Un) for the electrical operation of the coils	-	-	•



* The pressure of any SF6 circuit breaker having travelled by air must be restored to its rated value before any mechanical operation test

5 Unpacking and assembling the equipment

5.1 Civil engineering characteristics

The installation of a switchboard requires a sufficiently flat and even concrete structure. The dressing of a top coat of cement using a rule should eliminate any surface irregularities greater than 2 mm per metre.

A layout on iron supports for levelling off is ideal as they will also serve as a guide for the adjustment of the cement top coat.

The overall flatness of the support surface should not show up any deflection greater than 6 mm throughout the length of the switchboard.

5.2 Unpacking of the functional units

The functional units should only be unpacked on the installation site.

Remove the plastic film or dismantle the front panel and the roof of the crate.

Keep the roof and use it as a ramp when extracting the circuit breaker.

- Open the door of the functional unit.
- Two red bars fasten the circuit breaker.



- Remove these two red supporting bars (lower and upper bars) (8 HM8x30 screws, 13 mm spanner).
- Recuperate and place the roof of the crate as a ramp when extracting the circuit breaker.



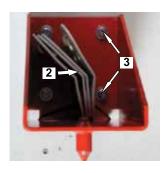
- Extract the circuit breaker (see § 5.7 and 5.9).
- Remove the 2 upper squares of the panel of the moving part.

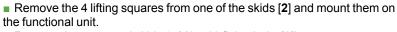


■ 2 red skids are fixed [1] on the bottom plate of the front female connector. They are only used to support the moving part during transport.

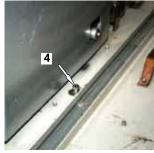


5 Unpacking and assembling the equipment (contd.)





■ Remove these two red skids (4 M8 x 60 fixing bolts [3]).



■ Dismantle the wooden base (attachment by the inside using 4 M10 x 60 fixing bolts [4]: 2 in the front female connector and 2 in the rear lower compartment.

5.3 Handling of the functional unit (without a circuit breaker)

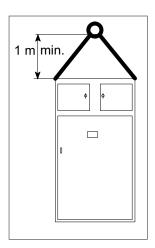
Mount 2 squares in the front, upper corners.



■ Mount the other 2 squares in the rear, upper corners.



Lift the functional unit using 4 slings supporting 1000 kg each.



5 Unpacking and assembling the equipment (contd.)

FONCTION FEEDER REFERENCE TENSION NOMINALE RATED VOLTAGE 35 AV COURANT NOMINAL-RATED CURRENT 1250 A SURMITENSITE ADMISSISLE 1S EFF 31,3 AR PERMISSISLE OVERCURRENT CR 78,75 AR P DE F. CLOSING CAPACITY CR AR P DE C. BREAKING CAPACITY A C N° SERIE 1460480 DATE 01/01

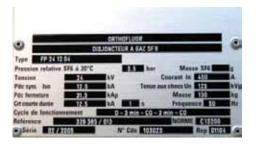
5.4 Identification of the functional units and circuit breakers

Check the characteristics given on the Identification and ratings plate in relation to the initial order.

■ Function and technical data plate, inside, on the left end shield, behind the low voltage plug.



■ Plate inside the front female connector (in the top right corner) indicating the Schneider Electric reference number, the type and identification of the equipment.

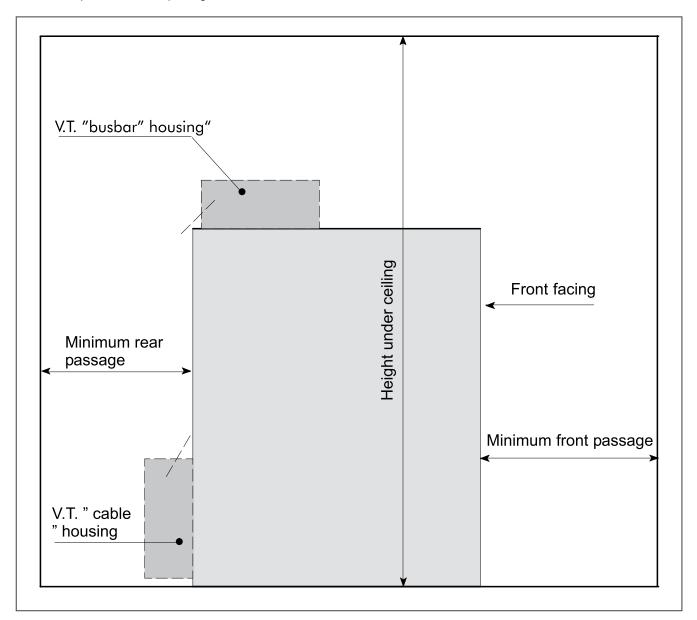


■ Each circuit breaker is identified by an instruction plate, placed at the rear, on its frame.

5 Unpacking and assembling the equipment (contd.)

5.5 Installation on the floor

The limits of the civil engineering layout depend on the type and quantity of the equipment to install. Position the panels whilst respecting the minimum distances in the front, at the back and on each side of the switchboard.



Functional unit	Minimum front passage (mm)	Minimum rear (mm)	Minimum rear passage with voltage transformer cables (mm)	Minimum height under ceiling (mm)	Minimum height under ceiling with voltage transformer bars (mm)
DNF 7	1800	800	1500	3000	3500
DNF 7S	1500	800	1500	3000	3500

6.1 Presentation of the functional units

In the case of a switchboard with 1 to 8 units, its is recommended that the installation of the equipment be begun on the opposite side of the premises access door.

For a switchboard containing more than 8 units, it is recommended that the installation of the equipment be started in the middle of the switchboard. Sequence the incoming feeder of the functional units in accordance with the single line wiring diagram.

6.2 Installation of each functional unit

Check that each functional unit is perpendicular to the floor (use wedges if necessary).

Remove the lifting squares (1 square in every top corner, 13 mm spanner). Check that the circuit breaker can be plugged-in.

Continue to lay out the functional units whilst carrying out the same verifications.

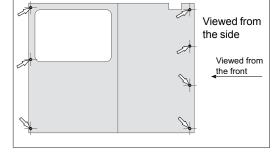
Seven coupling points:

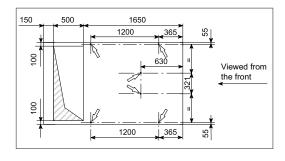
- 7 H M10 x 20 screws
- 7 H M10 nuts
- 14 C10 washers (16 mm spanner)

Carry out the coupling of the functional units together (4 points at the front, 3 at the back).



Do not forget to block up the holes of the lifting squares of the end functional units using the plugs delivered with the accessories. This operation is necessary to preserve the equipment protection index.



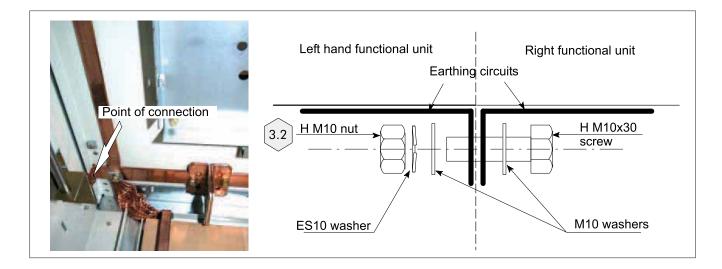


6.3 Standard case of attachment to the floor

6 points of attachment to the floor (12 mm Ø bolts excluded)

6.4 Inter-functional unit earthing circuit connection

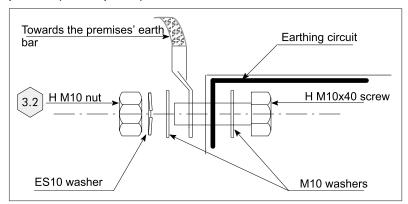
■ Connect both earthing circuits at the bottom of the front female connector, on the left and right hand side (17 mm spanner).



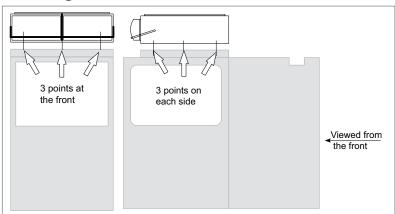
(contd.)

6.5 Earthing circuit connection, at the far end of the switchboard

■ Connect the earthing circuit of the switchboard to the earthing bar of the premises (17 mm spanner).



6.6 Installation of the voltage transformer housing "busbars"



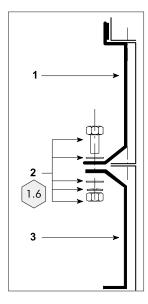
The voltage transformer housing "busbars" is placed on the roof of the functional unit.

It is fixed by captive nuts and:

- 9 H M8 x 20 screws,
- 9 ES8 extra tightening washers,
- 9 M8 washers (13 mm spanner).

6.7 Connecting the earthing circuit of the busbar voltage transformer housing

- 1 Upper earthing circuit
- 2 Connection fasteners:
- 1 H M8x16 screw,
- 2 M8 washers,
- 1 extra tightening ES8 washer,
- 1 H M8 bolt (13 mm spanner).
- 3 Lower earthing circuit



(contd.)

6.8 Connecting the busbar

When connecting the different elements of the busbar:

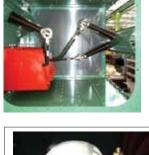
- respect the mounting directions of all the parts,
- use the screws found in the accessories pack
- use the screw tightening torques recommended by Schneider Electric.



Make sure the contact surfa ces are clean.

No other preparation is necessary to connect the copper on copper, tinned aluminium on tinned aluminium and tinned aluminium on copper connections.

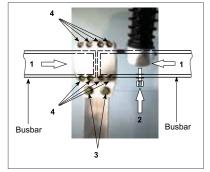
- Whatever the current, the bypasses are mounted in the factory, the fasteners being in place.
- Remove the rear panel (8 screws, 13 mm spanner).



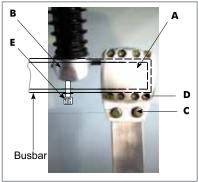


■ Remove the part supporting the bypass connection, which ensures the rigidity of the whole switchgear for transport (10 mm A/F Allen key).

- Keep the CHC M12x50 screw, which will be used to fix the bar.
- Assemble the bars in accordance with the diagrams and photos given below.
- The parts [A] are mounted and the screws are in place (see diagram opposite).
- 1 Place the round busbars inside the bypass shells [A].
- 2 Fix the busbar onto the supporting insulator [B], using the CHC M12x50 [E] screw (10 mm A/F Allen key).
- 3 Tighten the 2 HM10x55 screws (3 busbars) or HM10x45 (2 busbars) [D] (16 mm open ended spanner or socket wrench).
- **4** Tighten the 8 CHC M8x35 screws [**C**] (6 mm A/F Allen key). [Please refer to the diagram opposite.]

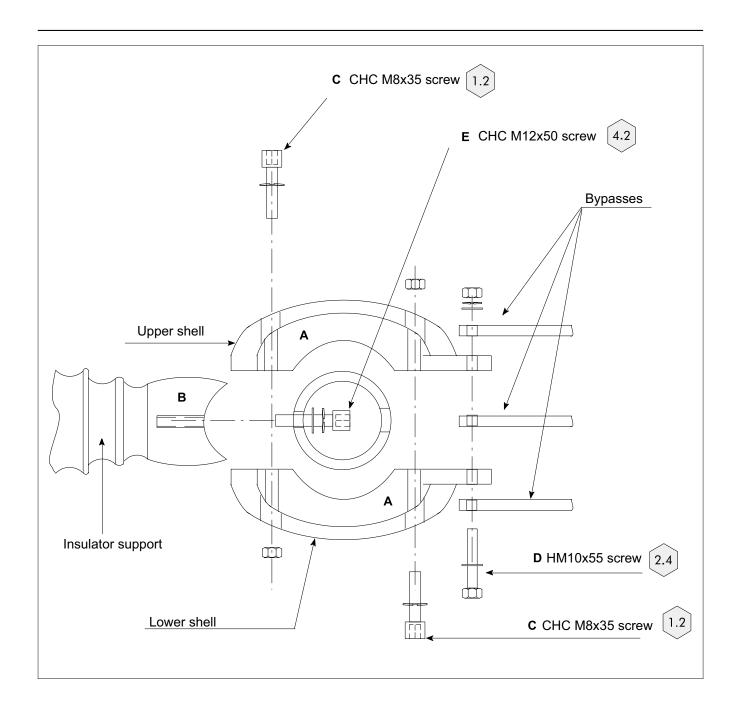


Mounting of 2 busbars



Mounting of one busbar at the end of the switchboard

(contd.)



(contd.)

6.9 Preparation of the cable connection



Schneider Electric can guarantee the contractual characteristics within the limits defined below :

- maximum cross-section: 630 mm² with a maximum of 4 cables per phase.
- maximum width of the connection lug: 80 mm.



When installing the cables, comply with the connection mounting direction of the lugs, the fastening plates and screws. Use the defined tightening torques (see § 4.10).

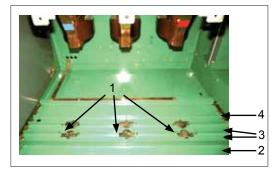
The connecting connections must be drilled on the site, depending on the lugs used.

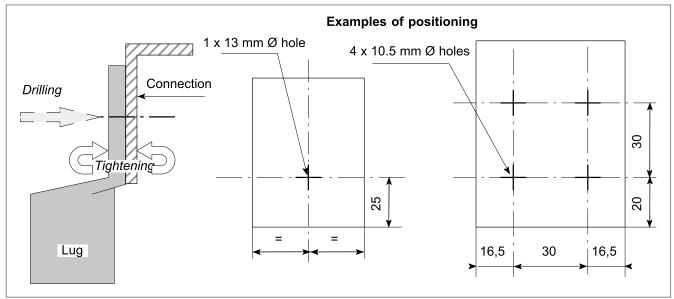
The indications given below are valid to use the lugs in accordance with the current manufacturing standards.

Do not use 500 mm² aluminium lugs (6 holes or more).

After having removed the back panel:

- 1 Dismantle every cable tightening strap (13 mm spanner).
- **2** Remove the rear crossbeam (4 screws, washers, bolts, 13 mm spanner).
- **3** Dismantle the fastening crossbeams (2 screws, washers, 13 mm spanner).
- 4 Do not move the last crossbeam.





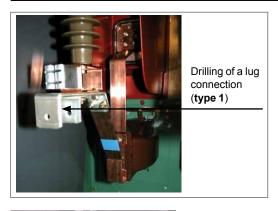
Type 1 - Connection for :

- all types of lugs ≤ 240 mm²,
- aluminium/ copper lugs 300 mm² and 400 mm²

Type 2 - Connection for :

- caluminium/ copper lugs, 500 mm² and 630 mm²,
- 300 mm² and 400 mm² aluminium lugs

(contd.)





In order to obtain a proper drilling:

- dismantle and tighten the connection in a vice (making sure it is protected),
- position and fix the lug onto the connection using rapid tightening pliers,
- point and drill the holes using those of the lug for the centering.



6.10 Connecting the cables

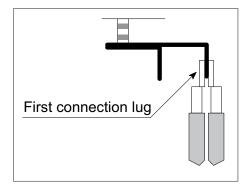
• Cut the grommet according to the diameter of the cable.



Insert onto the cable.



- It is re-assembled at the end of the cable (installation of the lug) in accordance with the instructions of the supplier regarding the cable ends.
- Fix each cable onto the connection lug.
- □ For cables ≤ 400 mm², 1 M10 screw, 8.8 class, tightening torque : 3.2 daN.m.
- □ For cables > 400 mm², 4 M8 screws, 8.8 class,
- tightening torque: 1.6 daN.m.



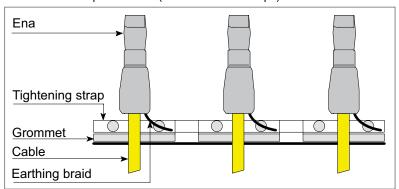
 \blacksquare To mount 2 cables per phase, connect these 2 cables onto the first connection lug.



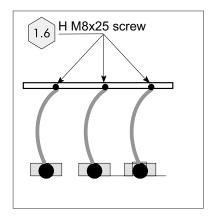
Make sure the cable goes through the cable trough, in order to reduce the constraints linked with ca ble fastening.

(contd.)

- Carry out the fastening of each cable onto the cable itself.
- The cable earthing braids must go above the bottom plates.
- Do not stick the phase marks (coloured adhesive tape) on the re-assemblies.



- Connect the 3 earthing braids to the earthing circuit (H M8x25 screw, 13 mm spanner).
- Re-assemble the rear crossbeam.



6.11 Inspections prior to commissioning

Please refer to the drawings and diagrams provided with the equipment and which describe the func tionalities performed to carry out every step of the necessary operations.

Record the numbers and identification marks of the equipment and sub-assemblies.

Rigorously observe the locking-out operations and tests under the operating conditions on site.

Respect the general instructions and the site instructions in force.

Check that the premises, the cable duct, the ventilation devices etc. are water-tight.

If the equipment has been kept in a humid area, we recommend that the premises be heated or the heating resistor be supplied power for 24 hours prior to commissioning.

6.12 Summary of the main list of checks prior to commissioning



Inspections and tests have been carried out at the factory.

(contd.)

Details of the checks	Date	Notes	Signature
Visual inspections Make sure there is no foreign matter inside the switchboard. Check the outside appearance (no trace of shocks, no scratches on the paint. Carry out the necessary touch-ups. Check that the equipment complies with the safety index (leaktightness of the functional units, different obstructions, etc.).			
 Mechanical inspections Operation and interlock tests of the access doors and moving panels. Tests carried out on the interlock system by means of locks. Inspection of the mechanical tightening systems (electrical jointings, power and earthing circuits, etc.). 			
Operational manoeuvres of the moving parts Plugging-in and unplugging operations. LV plug connection. Arming, closing, tripping.			
Dielectric tests Whilst taking all the necessary precautions, carry out a dielectric test of the HV equipment and LV wiring. Note: These tests are to be carried out before the electrical tests.			
Electrical tests Verification of the earthing circuit continuity. Checking the connections of the LV links. Operational test of all of the LV equipment. Recording of the relay parameter settings after having checked that the switchboard is operating correctly.			

7 Operation





Earthing switch.



Circuit breaker moving part.



Circuit breaker rearming lever.

7.2 Opening operation of the earthing switch



Never use the operating lever without having previously pushed in the unlocking lever.



■ Insert the lever in the vertical position, handle in the high position.



■ Unlocking lever placed on the left of the control mechanism box of the earthing switch.



■ Indications on the direction of the earthing switch operation.



- Using your left hand, push the unlocking lever down.
- Using your right hand, hold the operating lever by the handle and swing it to the left.



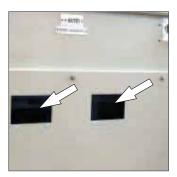
■ Unlocking lever placed on the left of the control mechanism box of the earthing switch.



Indications on the direction of the earthing switch operation.



- At the end of the operation, the unlocking lever returns to its original position.
- The earthing switch is open.



■ Check the physical position of the earthing switch using the 2 inspection windows of the rear panel.

■ When there is no earthing switch, the back panel has no inspection window.









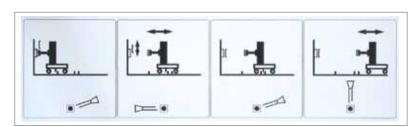


7.3 Closing operation of the earthing switch

- Insert the lever in the vertical position, handleat the bottom.
- Using your left hand, push the unlocking lever down.
- Using your right hand, hold the lever by the handle and push it up to the left.
- Release the unlocking lever, which remains in the same position.
- Hold the lever using both your hands in order to finish the closing operation of the earthing switch.
- At the end of the operation, the unlocking lever returns its original position.
- The earthing switch is closed.
- Check its physical position through both inspection windows of the rear panel.

7.4 Plugging-in and unplugging operations of the circuit breaker

■ Instruction plate at the front of the circuit breaker.



7.5 Unplugging operation of the circuit breaker up to the "test" position

- Open the door of the circuit breaker compartment.
- Make sure the circuit breaker is released.
- Insert the operating lever in the operation position on the right.

29



■ Swing the lever from the right to the left, which unlocks the circuit breaker from its "plugged-in" position.



■ Pull the circuit breaker until it reaches the "test" position, using both side handles.



Lock the circuit breaker whilst swinging the lever to the right.

- The circuit breaker can then be tested at no load.
- The unplugging operation automatically generates :
- $\hfill \square$ the release of the circuit breaker, in case this had been omitted,
- $\hfill\Box$ the obstruction of the plugging-in plugs by means of metal shutters.

7.6 Complete unplugging operation of the circuit breaker

■ Make sure the re-arming motor is not in an operating cycle.

Note: The locking of the low voltage plug is optional.

■ Press the unlocking lever of the low voltage plug.



- Maintain the lever.
- Turn the knurled button.
- Unplug the socket.





Clip the low voltage socket onto its support.



■ Swing the lever into the vertical position, which unlocks the circuit breaker from its "test" position.



■ Extract the circuit breaker from its compartment by pulling it using both side handles.



7.7 Plugging-in operation of the circuit breaker

- The circuit breaker must be in the "open" position.
- Insert the operating lever into the vertical position.



- Push the circuit breaker until it reaches the "test" position.
- Swing the lever to the left.



- Before plugging-in and screwing in the low voltage plug:
- □ manually arm the mechanical control mechanism,
- □ cut the LV circuits.



■ Push the circuit breaker (lever always on the left) until it reaches the end stop.



■ Circuit breaker at its end stop: swing the lever to the right (locking in the plugged-in position).



- Remove the lever.
- Close the door.
- The circuit breaker is ready to be operated.



7.8 Mechanical device preventing any plugging-in operation

■ Every functional unit is equipped with a "mechanical" fool-proof system preventing the plugging-in operation of an incompatible moving part.



■ Never change the altitude or remove the fool-proof device from the functional unit.



■ Never dismantle the fool-proof bracket placed under the moving part.



Do not force the introduction of the moving part into the front female connector.

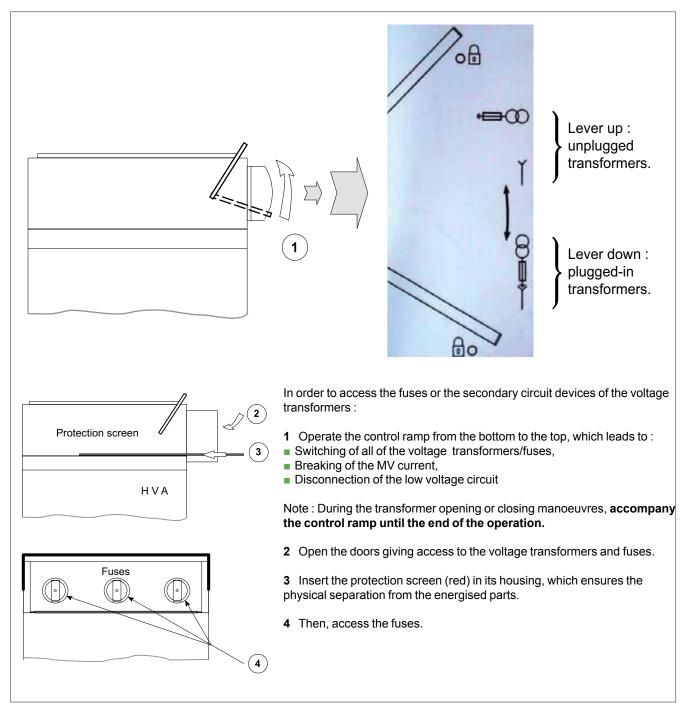


Check the matching of the moving part current with the type and rating of the functional unit.



If necessary, you are allowed to insert a 1250 or 2000 A "circuit-breaker" moving part into a 630 A functional unit.

7.9 Operating manoeuvres for the voltage transformer compartment



8 Standard locking out and interlocking procedures

8.1 Functional mechanical interlocks

DNF7-DNF7S Functional Units are equipped with mechanical interlocks, called "functional", intended to avoid any kind of operating error.

8.2 Immobilisation device of the earthing switch by means of "locks"

Earthing switch open.



Earthing switch closed.

8.3 Immobilisation device for the earthing switch by means of "padlocks" (not supplied)



The passage holes are fore seen for padlock shackles of ø 8 mm.



The fitting of several padlocks on a single point necessitates the use of an accessory that is not supplied.

Earthing switch open.



■ Earthing switch closed.



8 Standard locking out and interlocking procedures (contd.)

8.4 Immobilisation device for the pluggingin operation of the moving part

The immobilisation of the plugging- in operation of the "circuit breaker" moving part can be carried out by means of padlocks or locks.

Before any plugging-in operation of the circuit breaker, make sure the earthing switch is open (see § 7.2).



Before any operation of the earthing switch, make sure that :

- the moving part is in the "test" position (see § 7.5) or extracted from the compartment,
- there is no voltage on the voltage presence boxes.

8.5 Padlocking of the blanking shutters, by padlock (not supplied)

The circuit breaker must be with drawn and extract from its compart ment (see § 7.6).

Circuit breaker withdrawn: location intended for fitting the padlocks.

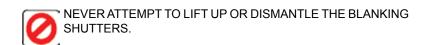


Locking out by padlock (not supplied).



Locking out by padlock (not supplied).





8.6 Additional locking out and interlocking procedures

Other locking-out and additional locking devices can be supplied depending on the particular specifications of the contract.

9 Commissioning

9.1 Reminder

Prior to shipping, DNF7-DNF7S Functional Units are mechanically and electrically tested.

If the equipment has been stored in a damp location, it is recommended that the room be heated and the heating elements be energised for a period of 24 hours prior to installation of the switchboard.

Also check the leaktight sealing in the room and the cable troughs.

9.2 Inventory of tools and accessories on completion of work

Recover, verify and tidy away all assembly tools and objects not required in the switchboard.

Return the Functional Unit's and Circuit Breakers' operating accessories to their respective storage positions.

Attach the DNF7-DNF7S technical instruction manual in a visible location within the room.

9.3 Pre-commissioning information

Respect the General Safety Instructions booklet for Electrical Applications and the particular regulations for the network concerned with regard to locking-out procedures.

Record the serial numbers and identifying marks on equipment and switchgear while they are accessible. Tests and inspections have already been carried out in the factory.

Refer to the drawings and diagrams supplied with the equipment. They describe the functionalities employed to carry out the level of operation required.

9.4 Final checks before commissioning

Visual inspection	Date	Remarks	Signature
 Ensure there are no foreign bodies inside the switchboard Check the external appearance (for absence of blows, scratches on the paint): carry out touch-ups if necessary. Check the conformity with the Protection Index (leaktightness of the Functional Units, various blanking panels, etc.) 			

"Mechanical" checks	Date	Remarks	Signature
 Operating and interlocking tests on the access doors and removable panels. Key-locked system tests. Inspection of mechanical tightening torques, (electrical jointing, power and earthing circuits, etc.). 			
Handling operations carried out on the switchgear: Closing and opening the load break switches and earthing switches, Arming, closing and tripping the circuit breakers.			

9 Commissioning (contd.)

Inspections and tests	Date	Remarks	Signature
Dielectric tests (at 80% of the test value) ■ Whilst taking all necessary precautions, carry out a dielectric test on the HV equipment and LV cabling. NB: These tests must be carried out prior to electrical testing.			
 Electrical tests Check the continuity of the earthing circuit. Check the connections on the LV links. Test the correct functioning of the LV switchgear. Record the relay parameters. 			

State of the switchgear	Date	Remarks	Signature
 Ensure that all the load break switches, circuit breakers and earthing switches are open and the access panels to the cables and the busbars are in place. In accordance with the fuse supplier instructions, ensure that the striker covers on the voltage transformer fuses have been removed. 			

9.5 Energising the "incoming" feeder functional unit

- Energise the cables.
- Check that the neon lamps of the voltage presence box light up.
- Energise the busbar. In order to do so, plug in, lock and close the circuit breaker (see § 7.5).

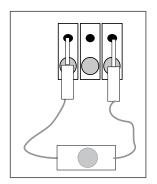
Case of 2 "incoming" feeder functional units

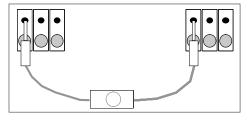
- Energise the cables.
- Check that the neon lamps of the voltage presence box light up.
- Check the phase balance (see § 9.6).



- 1 Testing the phase comparator.
- $\hfill\Box$ Connect both plugs of the phase comparator (optional) to 2 phases of the same functional unit.
- $\hfill\Box$ The lamp should light up : the comparator is in operation.







2 - Checking the phase balance

- □ Phases balanced : lamp off
- □ Phases unbalanced : lamp on.
- Make sure the phases are balanced using the already checked removable device.

If there are out-of-phase, check the cable connections.

10 Maintenance

10.1 Levels of maintenance

Description	Levels
Operations recommended in the instructions manual "installation - operation - maintenance", carried out by suitably qualified personnel having received training allowing them to intervene whilst respecting the safety rules.	1
Complex operations, requiring specific expertise and the implementation of support equipment in accordance with Schneider Electric's procedures. These are carried out by Schneider Electric or by a specialised technician, trained by Schneider Electric (see § 1.2) in the mplementation of procedures, and who is equipped with specific equipment.	2
All preventive and corrective maintenance, all renovation and reconstruction work is carried out by Schneider Electric.	3

10.2 Preventive maintenance for the circuit **breaker moving part**Please refer to the specific instruction manuals (See § 2.4).

Preventive maintenance Frequency (years)				vel	S
Recommended operations	3	6	1	2	3
Removal of dust from the insulating enclosure of the poles (clean, dry cloth)	-	•	•	٠	•
Checking the state of the plugging in clips	-	•	-	-	
Checking the earthing device on the moving part (clips and contact jaws)	-	•	-	-	•

10.3 Preventive maintenance of the functional units

Preventive maintenance	Frequ	iency	Le	vel	s
Operations recommended at the Functional Unit level	3 Years	6 Years	1	2	3
Verification of the presence and condition of accessories (levers, etc.)	•	-	•	•	•
Visual inspection of the exterior (cleanliness, absence of oxidation, etc.)	•	-	•	•	•
Cleaning of external elements, with a clean, dry cloth	•	-	•	•	•
Checking the tightness to torque (covers, wiring ducts, connections, etc.)	٠	-	•	•	•
Checking the mechanical controls by carrying out a few operations	٠	-	•	•	•
Checking the positioning of the status indicators (armed, open and closed)	٠	-	•	•	•
Control of the status and functioning of locking by key locks	•	•	•	•	•
Dusting and cleaning the internal mechanical elements (without solvent)	•	-	-	•	•
Inspection of the tightening of the threaded fasteners and presence of internal stop elements	-	•	-	-	•
Dusting and cleaning the internal mechanical elements (with solvent)	-	•	-	-	•
Lubrication and greasing of mechanical elements (with recommended products)	-	•	-	-	•
Monitoring the general appearance of the mechanical components and connections	-	•	_	-	•
Testing the "function" mechanical interlocks	-		-	-	•

10 Maintenance (contd.)

Preventive maintenance Freq (ye				Le	eve	ls
Operations specific to the "circuit breaker compartment" moving part	3		6	1	2	3
Ensure that the shutters function correctly (plugging in/unplugging)	ters function correctly ing)					-
Checking the state of the plugging in electrodes	-			-	-	
Cleaning the insulating components with a clean dry cloth	-		•	-	-	•
Cleaning and lubrication of the mechanical parts [see § 10.5 & 10.6]	-		•	-	-	-
Examining the high power electrical contacts	-			-	-	
Checking for the absence of overheating or discharges in the plugging in electrodes	-		•	-	-	•
Operations specific to the "busbar" compartment	3	6	1	2	3	
Checking of the tightening torque on the busbars	-		-			
Cleaning of the internal elements (insulators, connections, base supports etc.)	-	-	-			
Checking of the leaktightness of the compartment	-		-	-		
Visual inspection of the appearance of the internal compo	-		-	-	-	
Operations specific to the "high voltage cables" compartment	3	6	1	2	3	
Cleaning of the internal elements (insulators, connections, supports, etc.)		-	•	-	•	•
Checking of the state of the earthing switch conta	icts	-		-	-	•
Checking of the leaktightness of the compartment		-		-	-	•
Examination of the state of the cable re-assembli	_	-		-	-	•
Cleaning and lubrication of the mechanical parts [see § 10.5 & 10.6]	5	-	•	-	-	•
Visual inspection of the appearance of the intern components	al	-	•	-	-	•
Operations specific to the "voltage transformer" compartment		3	6	1	2	3
Verification of the state of the internal componer		-		-	-	-
Verification of the tightening torque of the screws presence of stop elements	and	-	•	-	-	•
Visual inspection of the contact surfaces	-		-	-		
Inspection and cleaning of the contact surfaces the HV fuses	-	•	-	-	•	
Operations specific to the low voltage bo	3	6	1	2	3	
Checking of the state of the internal components	3	-		-	•	•
Checking the tightening of the terminals and the electrical connections in general		-	•	-		-
Examination of the general state of the wiring and the re	ays	-		-		

10.4 Systematic maintenance

A systematic check of every point of tightening of the high voltage connections may be required.

Every 3 operations, all of the faste ners must be changed.



In some cases, screws need lubrication (please refer to the assembly plans).

10 Maintenance (contd.)

10.5 Lubrication points in the moving par compartment

Apply the "General Safety Instructions booklet for Electrical Applications" and the particular recommen dations for the network concerned for locking-out operations.

Greases: (see § 2.5)

Duration: 1 hour per functional unit

Lubrication of the guide sliding joints of the shutters, joints of the tie-rods and rollers.

■ Plugging-in ramp.

■ Earthing shoe and plugging-in block of the circuit breaker's earthing circuit.

10.6 Lubrication points in the High voltage cable compartment

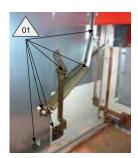
Apply the "General Safety Instructions booklet for Electrical Applications" and the particular recommendations for the network concerned for locking-out operations.

Greases: (see § 2.5)

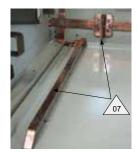
Duration: 1 hour per functional unit

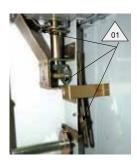
Joints, sliding joints and toothed pinions.

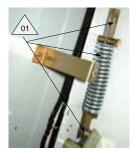
Joints and sliding joints.



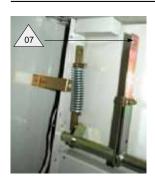








10 Maintenance (contd.)



Knives of the earthing switch.

10.7 Corrective maintenance of the functional units

Corrective maintenance	Levels			
Replacements or modifications	1	2	3	
Replacement of a voltage transformer fuse	-	•		
Replacement of an internal element (insulator, capacitive divider, etc.)	[see § 10.9]	-	-	

10.8 Replacement of a voltage transformer fuse

Intervention	Duration	Busbars	Cables	Circuit breaker	Earthing switch
Normale	1 h	energised	energised	closed	open
Possible	1 h	energised	energised	closed	open

To have access to the fuses, please refer to the instructions given in § 5.8. Do not forget to remove the "visual indicator covers" from the new fuses.

10.9 Replacement of an internal element (insulator, capacitive divider, etc.)

In the "High Voltage cables" compartment

Intervention	Duration	Busbars	Cables	Circuit breaker	Earthing switch
Normale	2 h	de- energised	de- energised	open & unplugged	open
Possible	2 h	energised	de- energised	open & unplugged	open

In the "busbar" compartment

Intervention	Duration	Busbars	Cables	Circuit breaker	Earthing switch
Normale	2 h	de- energised	de- energised	open & unplugged	closed

The replacement of a part is generally due to an accidental deterioration. If this is the case, the intervention of an Schneider Electric technician is advisable in order to:- replace the part in accordance with the relevant procedure(s),

- obtain the guarantee connected with the carrying out of the service,
- determine the origin of the failure.

Spare parts

11.1 The spare part

Describes a part that is designed to replace a corresponding one with a view to re-establishing the original function.



The replacement of these parts can only be carried out by an approved person authorised and trained for this operation.

Programmed replacement	Denomination	Remplacement every	Levels		
			1	2	3
This concerns wearing parts, designed to be replaced after a predetermined number of uses. Use: Maintenance stock, necessary for optimum maintenance procedures every 6 years.	Fans (by 3)	30,000 h energized		•	•
	Undervoltage coil	40,000 h energized	•	•	•
	HV fuses (by 3)	20 years	•	•	•
	Heating element	-			

Non Duamenton du mala como de	Denomination	Levels		
Non-Programmed replacement		1	2	3
Designates spare parts, the replacement of which intervenes following particular conditions in use.	Tertiary resistor			-
Use: Parts that are changed during a corrective maintenance operation, outside the scope of normal preventive maintenance actions.	Luminous indicator	•		

Exceptional replacement	Denomination		Levelsx		
Exceptional replacement	Denomination	1	2	3	
Describes the spare parts or assemblies whose foreseeable service life is at least equal to that of the equipment. Use: Spare parts or sub-assemblies conserved in a safety stock.	Moving part micro-switch position			-	
	Withdrawing crank handle			-	
	Operating lever for the earthing switch			-	
	Operating lever for circuit breaker				
	Moving part (circuit breaker)		•		
	Current transformers	-			
	Voltage transformers	-			
	Lightning/Surge arrester	1	•		

11.2 Identification of the equipment (see § 5.4)



For all orders for spare parts, it is necessary to enclose the equipment characteristics form.

11.3 Storage conditions

The components should be stored away from dust, humidity or the sun. In order to facilitate the search, they must be marked by the Schneider Electric reference number. Certain components are fragile, they should preferably be stored in their original packaging.

11.4 Maintenance Consumables

Designates the products necessary for maintenance (see § 2.5).



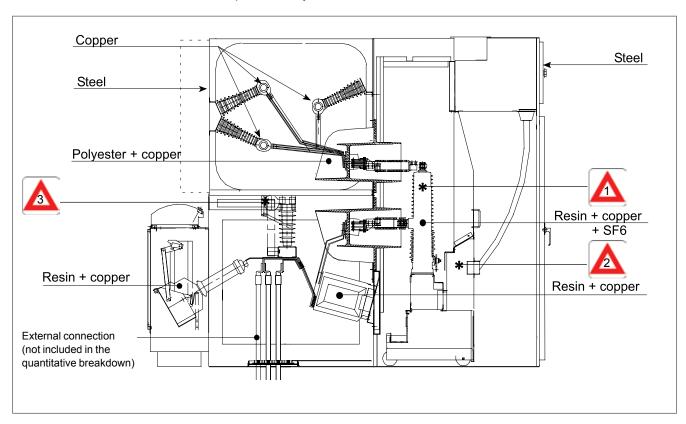
For all orders for spare parts, it is necessary to enclose the material characteristics data sheet.

- 1 Technical characteristics of the device identification plate (type, reference, order number, serial number, year of construction, etc.)
- 2 Switchboard nameplate. These indications are indispensable in order to identify the parts, in relation to a highly varied range of products.

12 End of the equipment service life

12.1 Valorization of the equipment

Schneider Electric functional units are compo sed of recyclable elements.



12.2 Safety instructions



Do not dismantle the mechanical control mechanism springs without the releasing device.



Do not open the poles without first having recovered the SF6 gas using the appropriate tools.



Do not dismantle the earthing switch's springs without the releasing device.

12.3 Dismantling of the equipment

Consult Schneider Electric for all types of decommissioning work.

Remove all electrical equipment (coils, motors, etc.).

On disassembly, the materials must be sorted and sent on via the appropriate recycling channels.

Schneider Electric 35, rue Joseph Monier CS 30323 92506 Rueil-Malmaison Cedex, France

RCS Nanterre 954 503 439 Capital social 896 313 776 € www.schneider-electric.com As standards, specifications and designs change from time to time, please ask for confirmation of the information given in this publication.

This document has been printed on ecological paper

Publishing: Schneider Electric Design: Schneider Electric Printing:

AMTNoT013-02 03-2011